### Real-Time Centrifugal Chiller Diagnostician

Part and full load diagnostics using open protocol and DSOM subsystems

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### Reason for development

- High cost of instrumentation
- High cost of interface units
- Part load diagnostics not generally performed
  - Chillers normally run at part load

- Solution
  - Use existing smart controllers on chillers
    - All existing data points from controllers. No instrumentation installed. (Water flow meter exception)
  - Use existing interfaces to BMS/EMCS system
  - Read all data from the network
  - Install limited instrumentation, if any
  - Open protocols OPC
  - Use DSOM, Decision Support for Operation and Maintenance engine (Battelle diagnostic product)
  - Model based comparison for full and part loading

### Diagnostics and operation support

- All points fully trended
- All points banded with operational parameters
- All points alarmed



### Diagnostics performed

- Compressor high starts
- Compressor high load
- Evaporator high flow
- System low charge
- System over charge
- Condenser high flow
- Evaporator low flow
- Condenser low flow
- Evaporator fouling
- Condenser fouling
- Running non-condensables
- Off-line non-condensables
- Chiller efficiency in kW/ton



#### Standard points read and alarmed

- Chilled water in
- Chilled water out
- Chilled water delta temperature
- Evaporator refrigerant pressure
- Evaporator refrigerant temperature
- Evaporator approach temperature
- Condenser refrigerant pressure
- Condenser refrigerant temperature
- Condenser approach temperature
- Condenser water in
- Condenser water out
- Condenser water delta temperature
- Load percentage rate
- Chilled water flow
- Condenser water flow.

## **DSOM Chiller Diagnostician**

- Problem Identification what is the problem
- System Impact what the potential impact of the problem is on the system operation
- Likely Causes what are the three most probable causes of the problem
- Corrective Action what are the three most probable steps the operator should take to mitigate the problem
- Actual Condition what is the current condition
- Desired Condition what should the current condition be

### Single Chiller Screen with Background Data

IM Chiller Diagnostician					_
O Chiller 1 - /Chiller Diag/Chiller Diag					
O Chiler 1 RO Chiller 2	RO Chiller 3 LSL Chiller 1	LS_ Chiller 2			
hiller	Condenser Ref	Leaving Coud	Diagnostic Alarm Annunciator		
ocation	Pressure 11.40 psia 79.60 deg	Water	Diagnosti: : Comp ressor High Starts	Diagnostic: Compressor High Load	Diagnestic: Evaporator High Flow
O I lodel ork: YT 250 Tons	Approach	50 100 1 77.2 deg Entering Cond	Diagnostic: System Low Charge	Diagmostic: System Over Charge	Diagnestic: Condenser High Flow
	4.4 deg	Water	Diagnostic : Evapotator Low Flow	Diagnostic: Condenser Low Flow	Diagnostic : Evaporator Fouling
Leaving Chilled Water	EEFU	67.4 deg	Disgnostie : Running Non Condensables	Dingnostis : Off Line Non Condensables	Diagnostic : Condenser Fouling
42.6 deg Delta T 5.4 Entering Chilled Water	Approach 1.8 deg	10 <sup>10</sup> 20 5 215 30 44.20 deg	Diagnestic Stat Nermal Chiller Efficien Load Percentage Ra	ney 0.654 KW/1'0 ntc 67.U % fla	Alam Screen
Cupyright 2003 Baltelle Mernorial Ins.	itute Calculated I	)ata 30 min avg d	lata		
Chilled <sup>Design Flow</sup> 650 Water <sub>gpm</sub>	Calculated flows Measure 567 Not measure gpm	ed flows Leaving chil ured 42.4	lled temp Entering	chilled temp Ch 47.6	nilled temp Delta 5.2
Condenser Design Flow	Calculated flows Measure 824 Not meas	cd flows Leaving con ured 77.9	d temp Entering	cond temp Co 67.4	ond temp Delta 10.5
Water gpm	gpm		of the states of the states	-	1. Sec. 1. Sec

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### Standard Chiller Screen Shot



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### Graphing with Alarm Bands





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### Efficiency Charted Against Design



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### Alarm Screen with Action Items

	Problem:	Li	kelv Cause:	
	Evaporator refrigerant pressure is below the allowable limit			
Impact:		Insumicie	int charge of refrigerant	
	Compressor will trip off due to low refrigerant pressure	Insufficien	t load for system capacity	
	Reduced Efficiency of Chiller unit	Cooler	ubes dirty or restricted	
		Rec	ommended	
	Current Setpoints	Corr	ective Actions:	
High A	larm Setpoint	Evalua	ate refrigerant charge	
Low V	Varning Setpoint 28.0	rrent Sensor	chillers to meet low load conditions.	
High V Low V	Varning Setpoint	Shut down	chillers to meet low load conditions.	

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▶Q & A.