

4th Sino-Korea-U.S. Economic and Environmental Modeling Workshop



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Recent Modeling Activities of IGES: The Case of Korea (GEMA-K)

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Greenhouse Gas Emission Model for Asia (GEMA) Structure

□ Characteristics

□ Country-specific Hybrid Model

- Three Countries : China, Japan, Korea (So far)
- Open Macro Economic Model
- Econometric/CGE Model
- Energy/GHG Emission Model
- Link with Bottom-up Model (Hard Linkage)

□ CDM Analysis Model

- Project-base Analysis
- Bilateral Financial Flows

GEMA Structure



□ Characteristics

□ Estimation Methods

- Unit Root Test: Statistical Test for Non-Stationary Variables
- Co-integration Method : Most Advanced Statistic (Econometric) Inference to Estimate Long-run Relationships
- Error-Correction Method: To Estimate Short-run Variations (Equilibrium Condition)

GEMA Structure



□ Characteristics

□ Estimation Methods

- Autoregressive Distributed Lag Specification(ARDL):
ARDL(1,1) is specified.
- SURE Estimation Method: To Capture the Inter-fuel
Substitution Elasticities in Energy Demand Equations
(Trans-log Cost Function & Share Equations)

GEMA Structure



- Characteristics

- CGE Methods

- Open/Dynamic/ Multi-Sector Model
 - Capital Accumulation and International Financial Flows for CDM Analysis
 - Multi-Level KLEM Production Function with Armington Assumption
 - Fuel-substitution Elasticity from Econometric Estimation (Localization of Parameters)
 - AEEI is accounted for.

GEMA Structure



□ 8 Modules

□ Macro Economic Module

- Demand Side of an Economy
- Simple Keynesian Open Macro Economic Model
- Example: Consumption Function

- Error Correction Model (Short-run)

$$\Delta C_t = d_1 \Delta C_{t-1} + d_2 \Delta y_{t-1}^m + b \left(C_{t-1} - (a_0 + a_1 y_{t-1}^m + a_2 r_{t-1} + a_3 W_{t-1}) \right) + u_{\Delta C,t}$$

- Co-Integration Model (Long-run)

$$C_t = a_0 + a_1 y_t^m + a_2 r_t + a_3 W_t$$

- Time-varying Coefficient (If necessary)

$$\beta, \delta_1, \delta_2$$

GEMA Structure



□ 8 Modules

- Bilateral Financial Module
 - Linkage between Two Countries
 - CDM Project: Financial Flow Analysis
- Computable General Equilibrium(CGE) Module
 - Input-Output Tables of Each Country
 - Energy Balance Table
 - Social Account Matrix (SAM) Construction
 - Sector Classification: Flexible
 - Localization of Parameters for Calibration: Based on Estimation.

GEMA Structure



□ 8 Modules

□ Energy Demand Module

- Each End-use Final Energy Demand
- Sector Classification: Flexible (Data Availability)
- Econometric Estimation
- GHG emissions are deriving.

□ Energy Supply Module

- Energy supply is assumed to meet demand. (Equilibrium Assumption)
- Transformation Sector: Engineering Approach to Figure out Primary Energy Demand

GEMA Structure



□ 8 Modules

□ Linkage Module

- Technical Assessment of CDM Project: Bottom-up approach is preferable.
- Hard Linkage with Bottom-up Model: AIM (maybe)
- Advantage of Hard Linkage: GEMA can be tangible model. (Soft linkage makes the model large.)
- Still, the soft linkage of top-down and bottom-up models is the most challenging work.

GEMA Structure



□ 8 Modules

□ Scenario Module

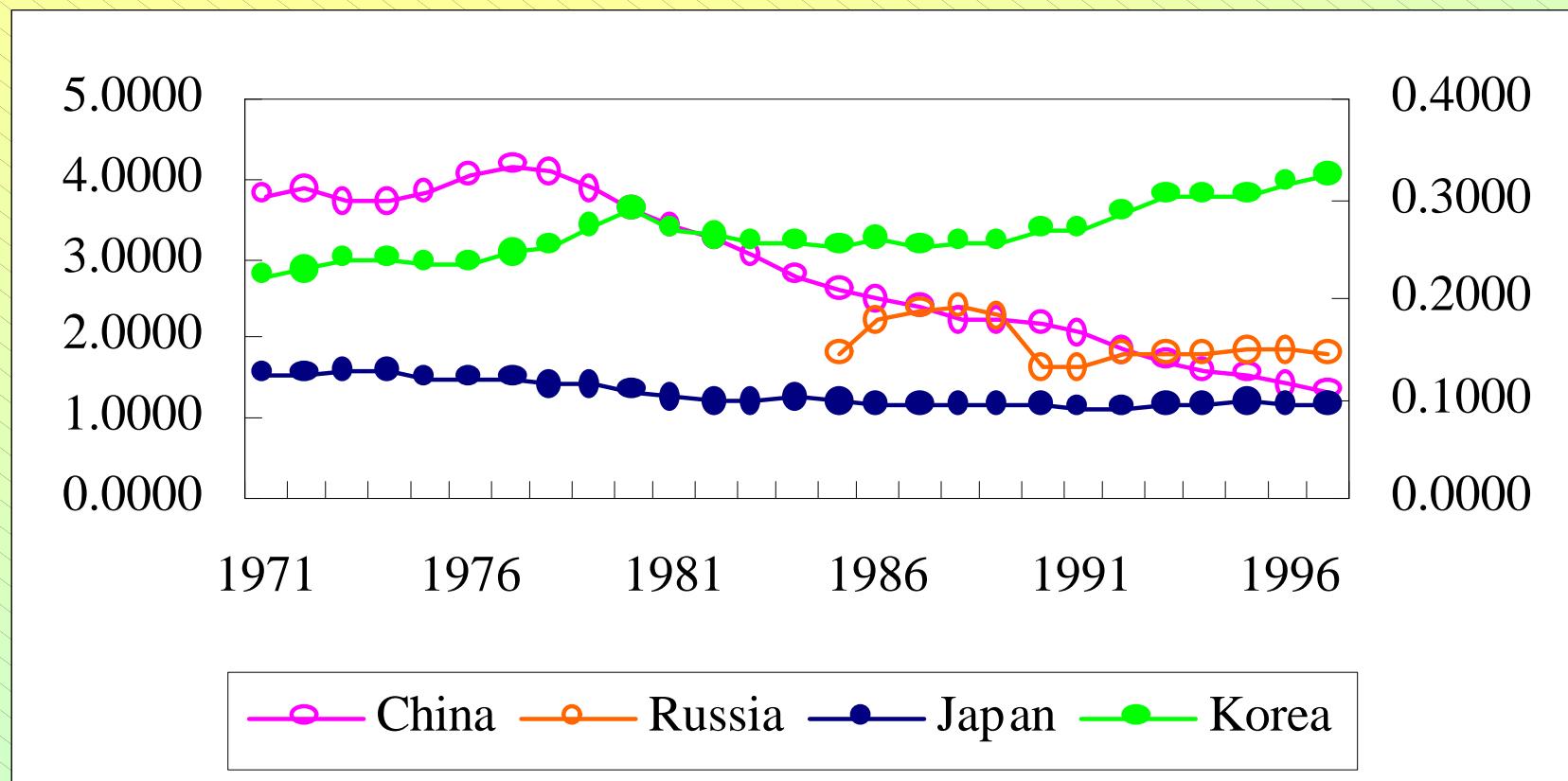
- **Scenario Generator: Systematic Way**
- **Marginal Change Analysis: Due to CDM project, what is the deviation from BaU projection, in terms of energy, GHG emission**

□ Output Module

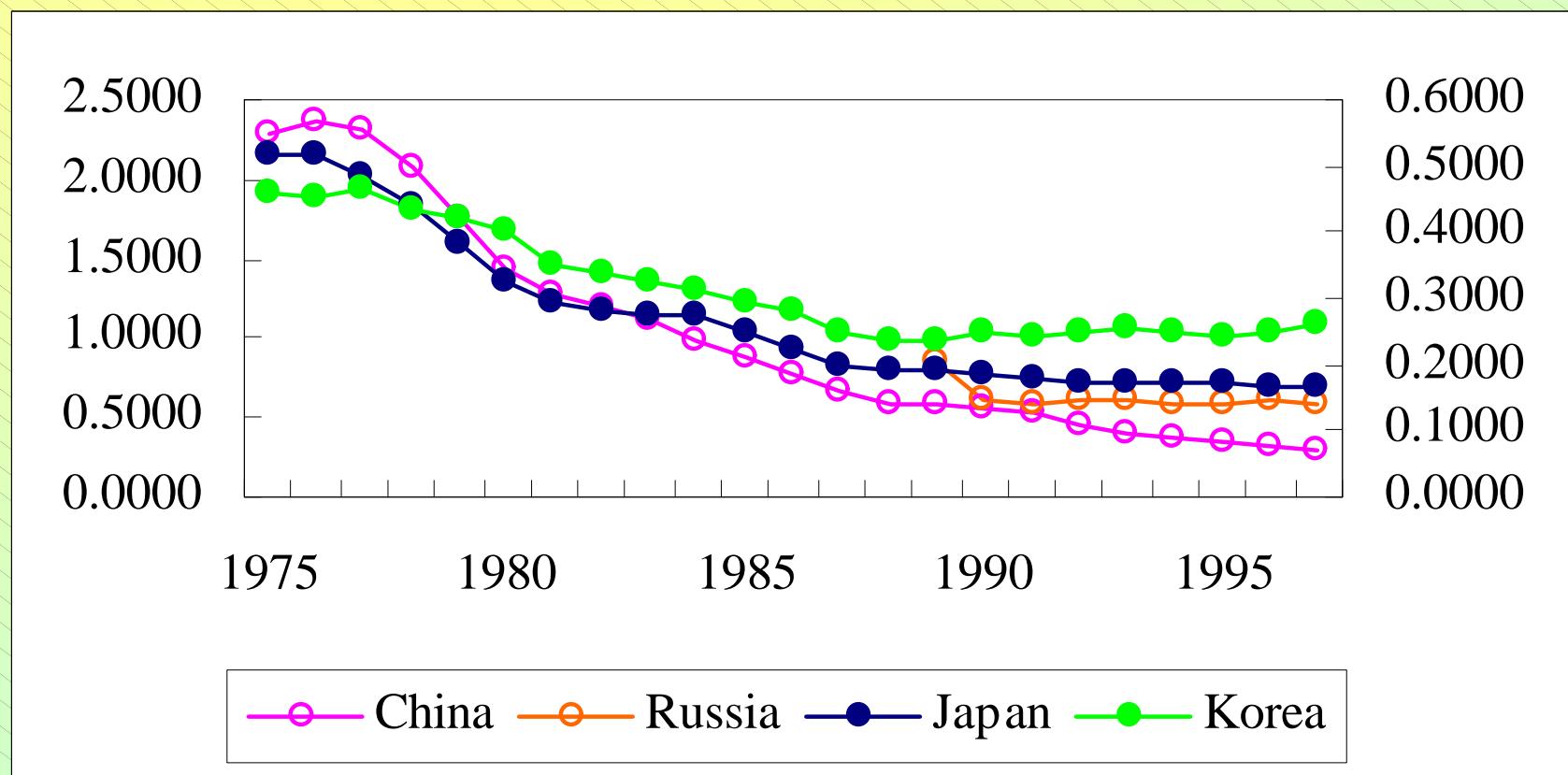
- **Output Generation: Economic Activities, Energy, GHG Emissions**

Base Issue for Int'l Comparison

(Energy Intensity, Exchange Rate, TOE/1000US \$)

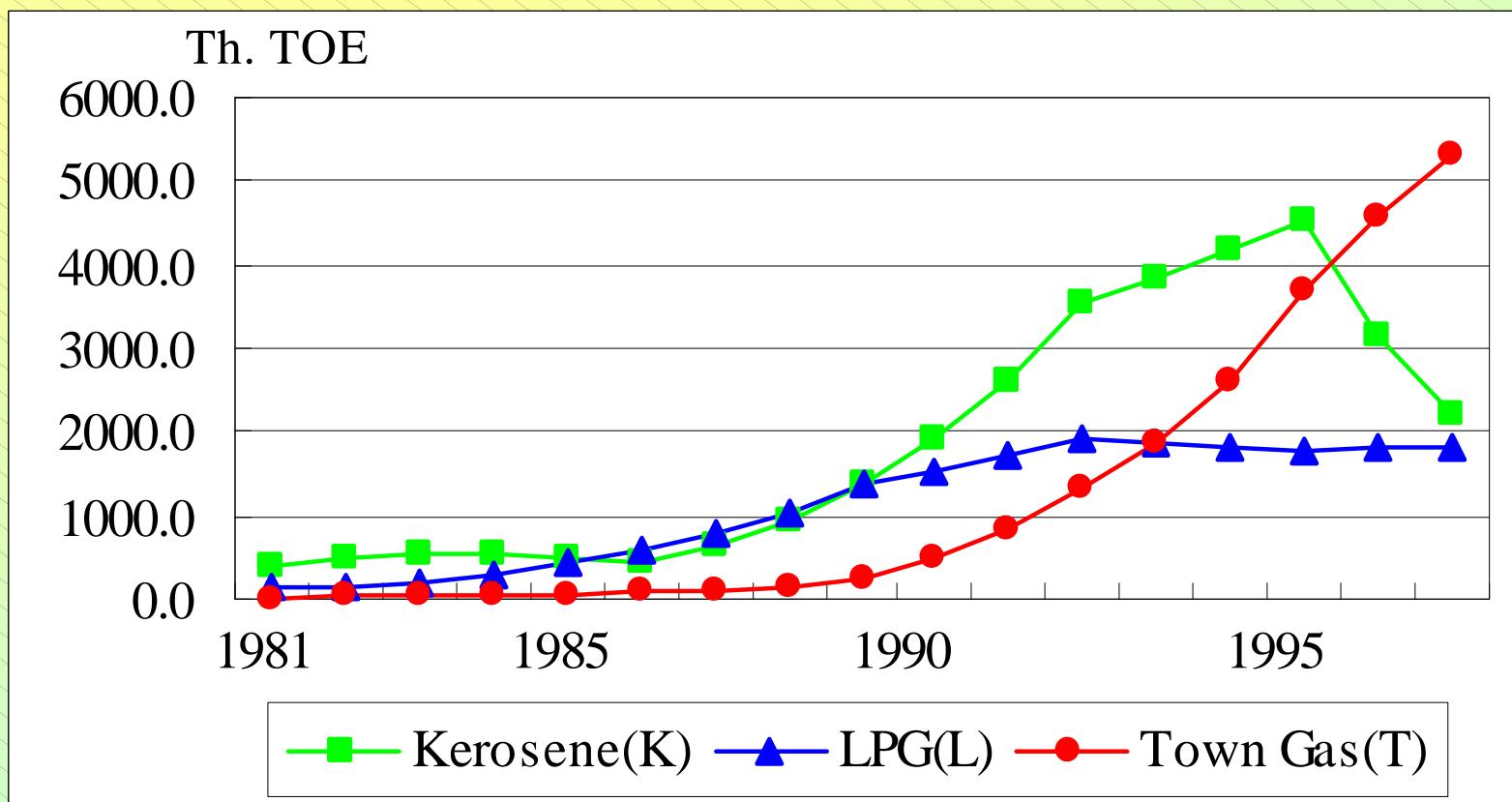


Base Issue for Int'l Comparison (Energy Intensity, PPP, TOE/1000US \$)

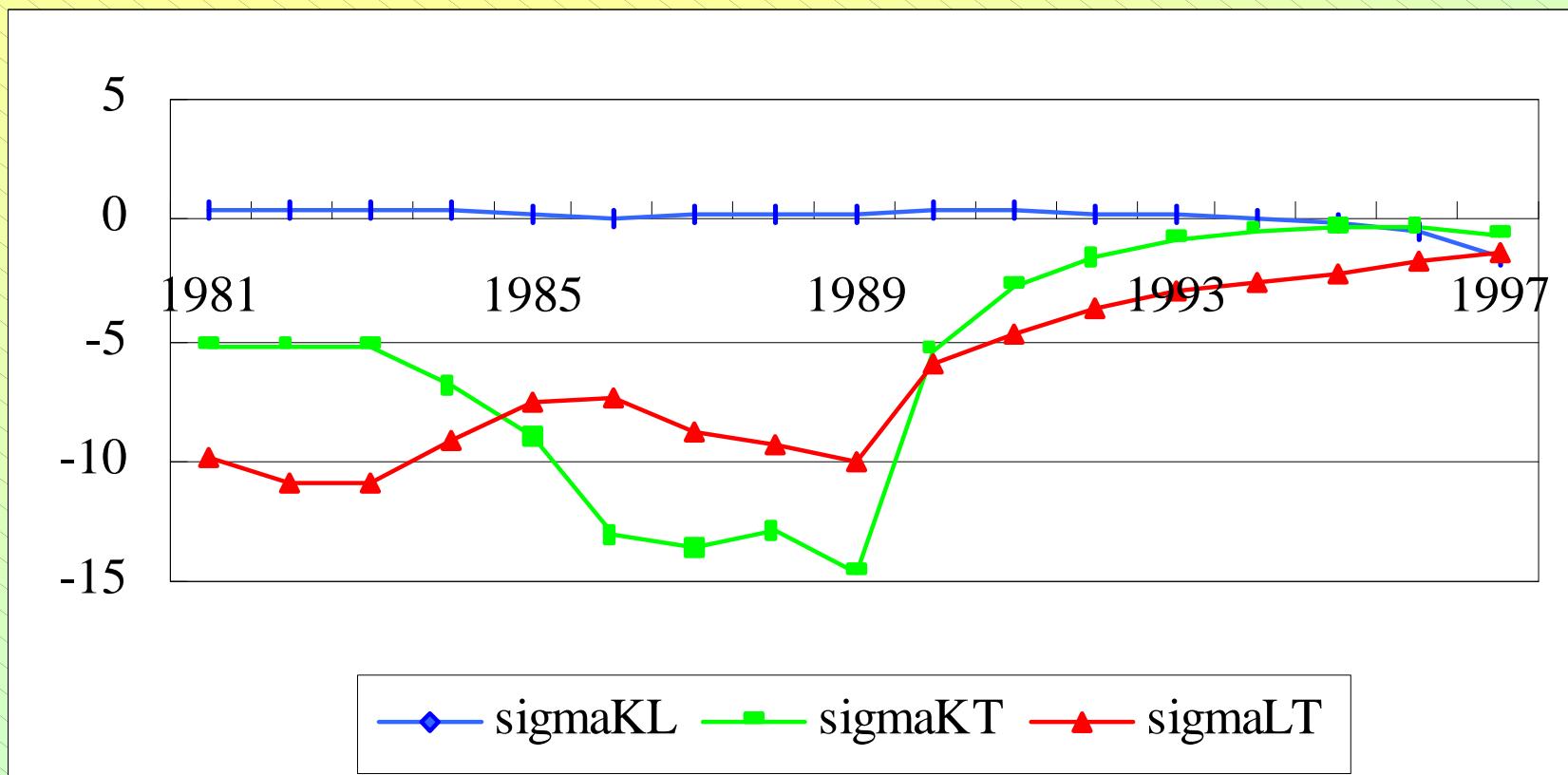


Energy Demand Trend (Historical)

(Example: Residential Sector)

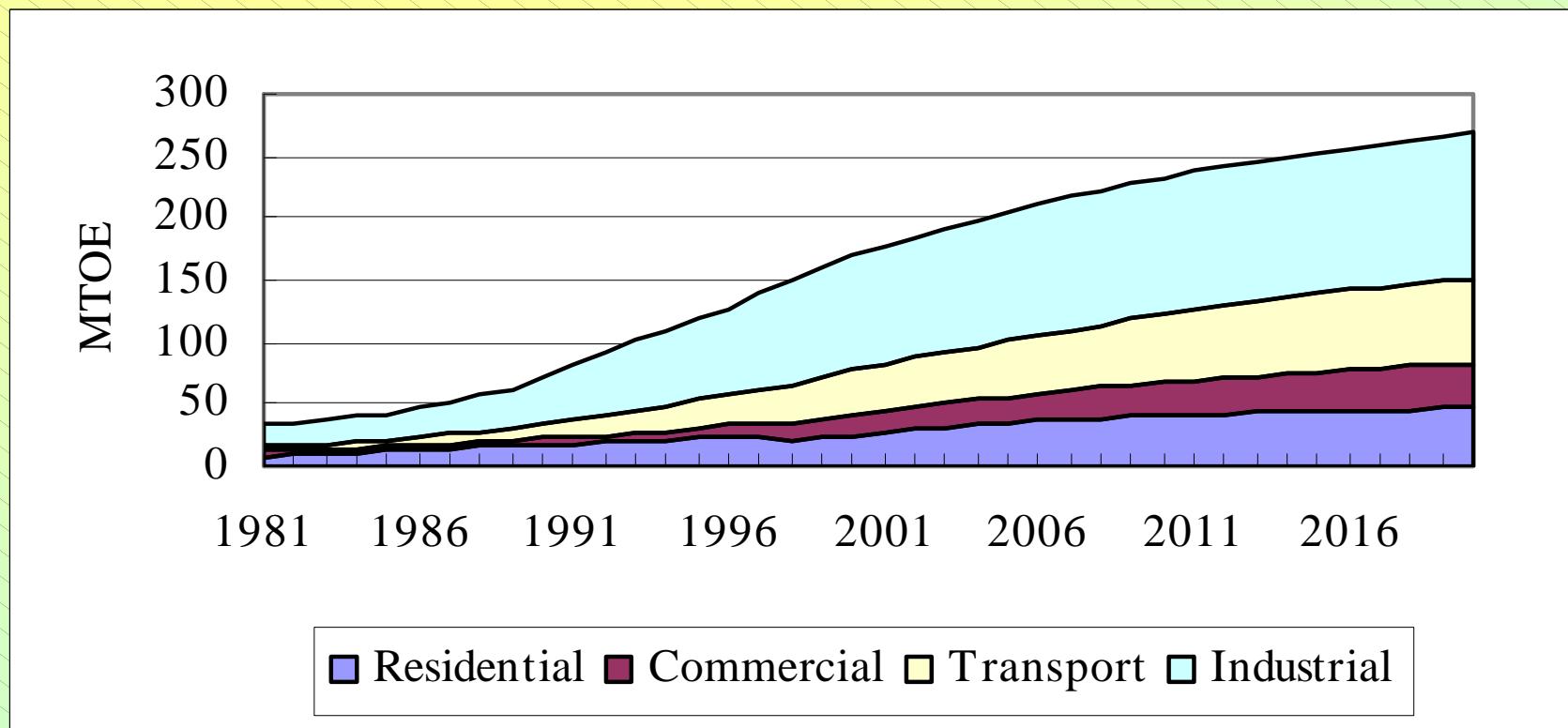


Estimation of Fuel Substitution Elasticities (Example: Residential Sector)



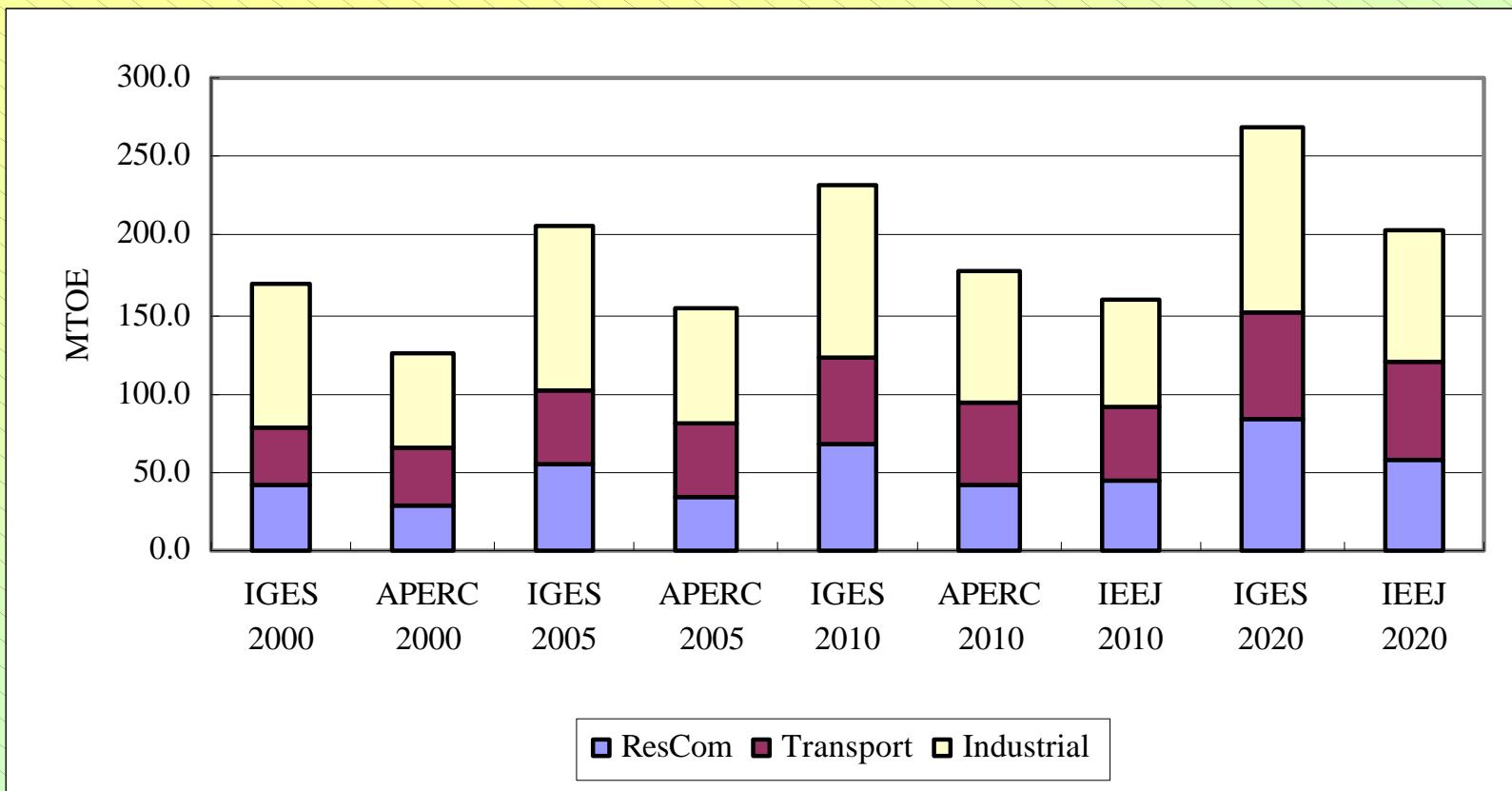
Initial Results of Korea (BaU)

Total Energy Demand Projection



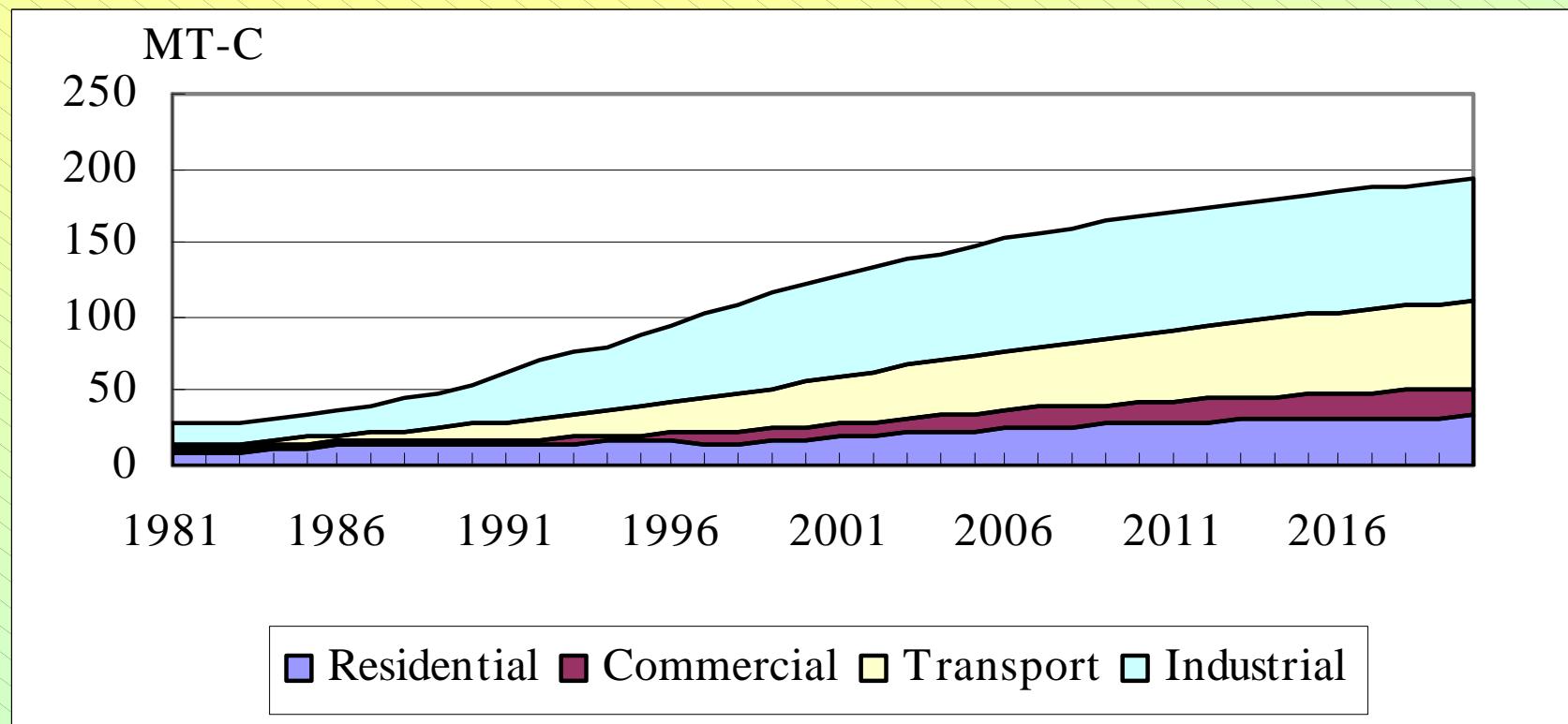
Initial Results of Korea (BaU)

Comparison with Other Models

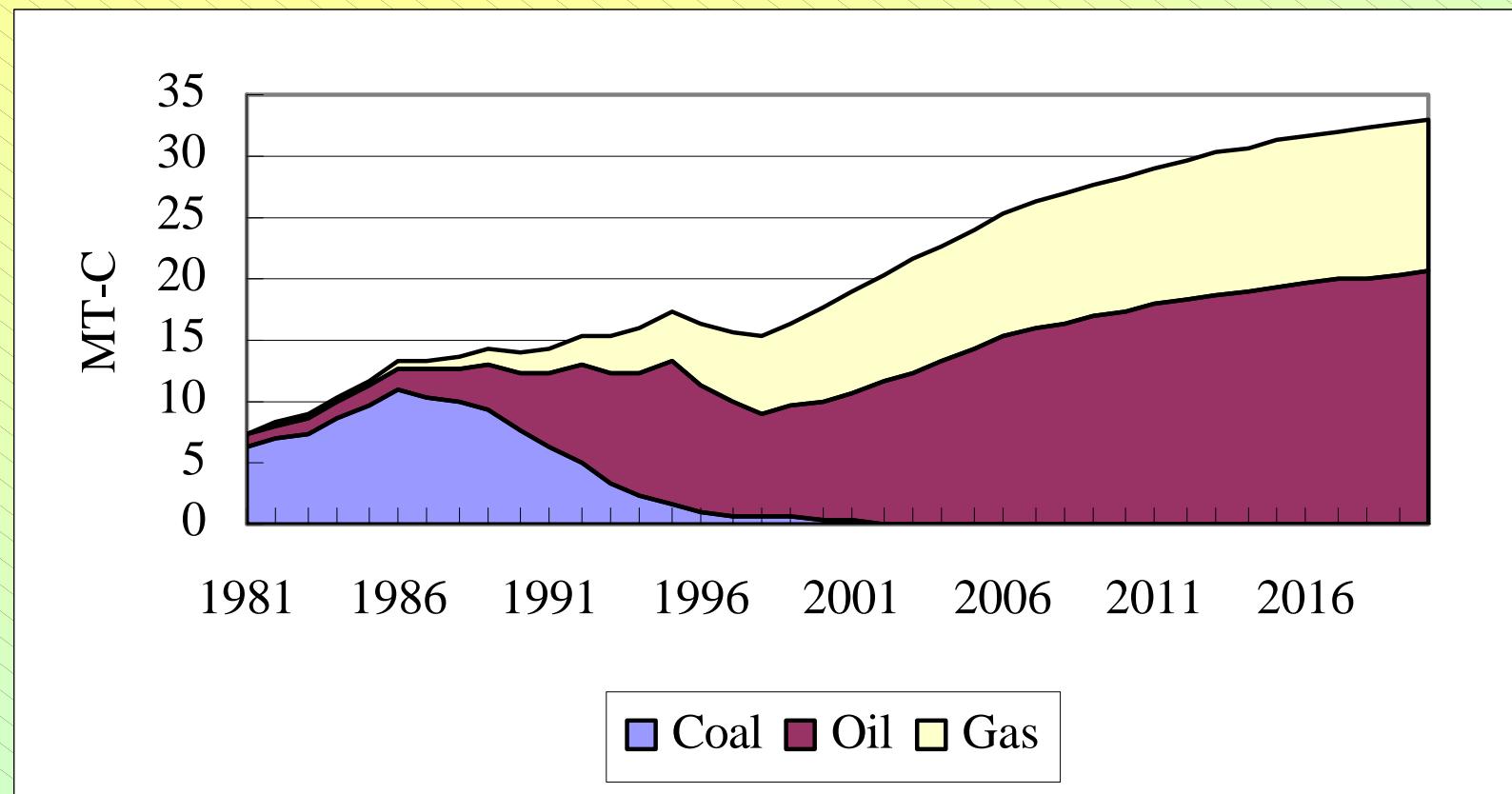


Initial Results of Korea (BaU)

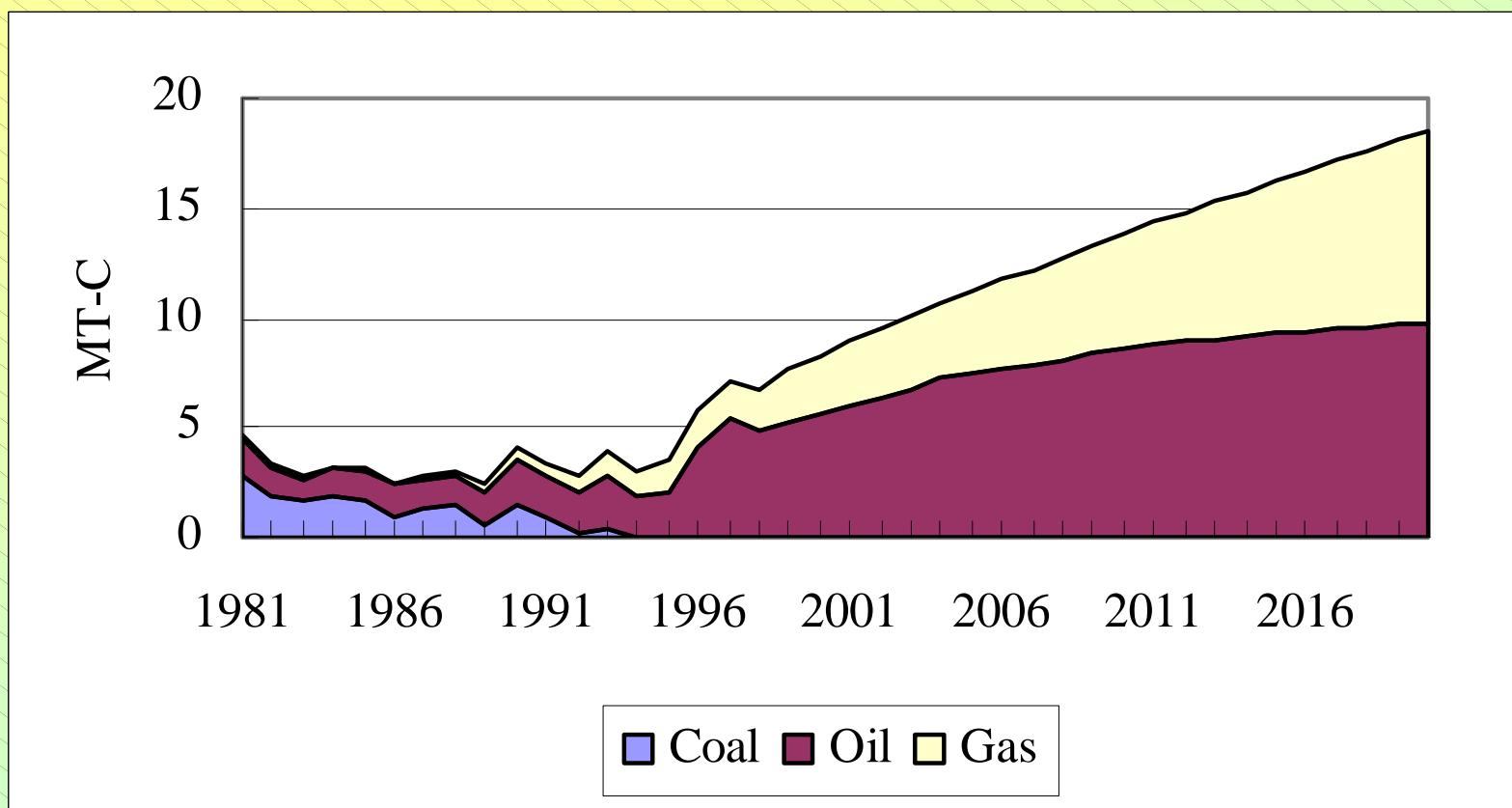
Total CO₂ Emissions Projection



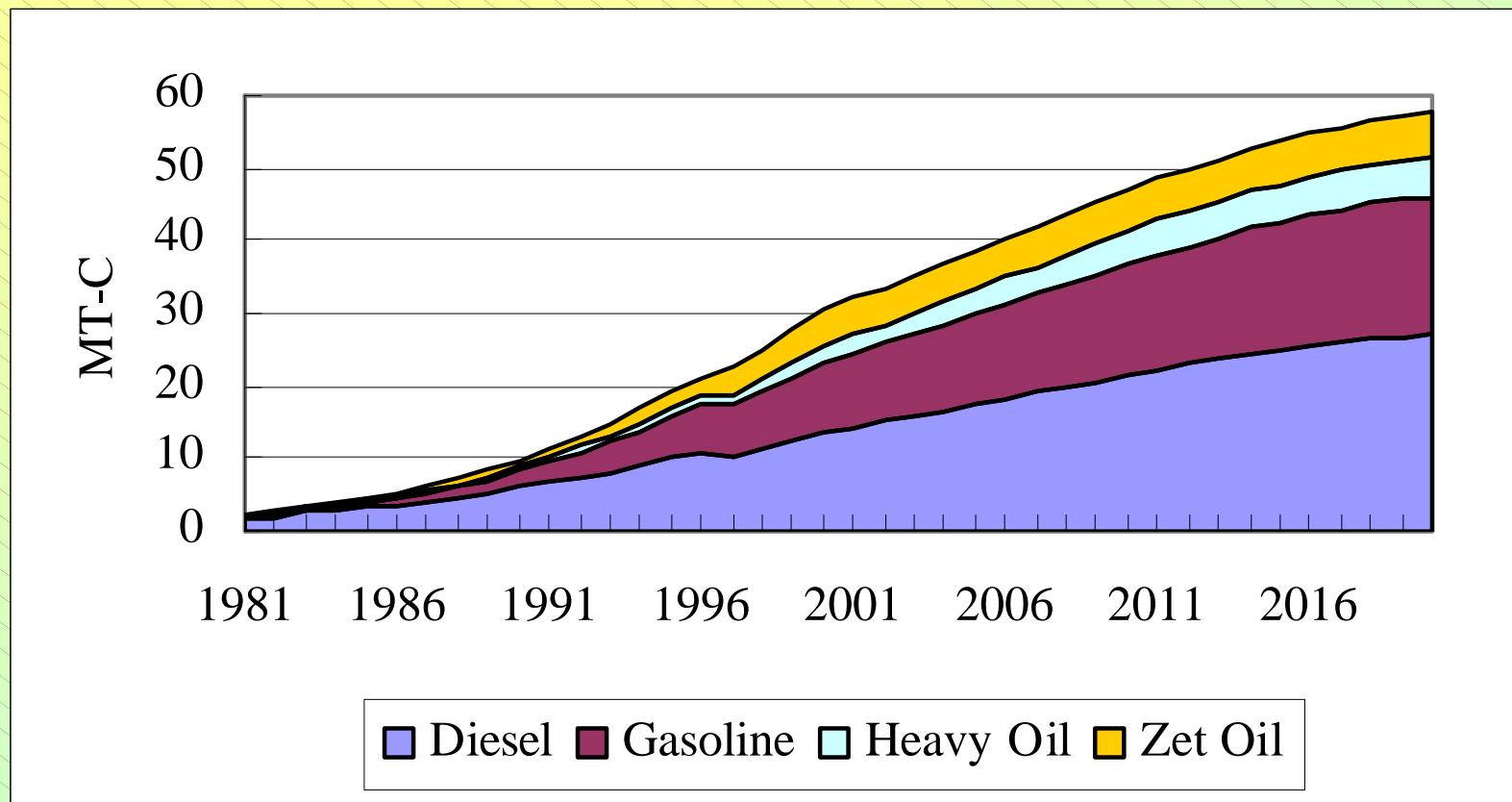
Initial Results of Korea (BaU) CO₂ Emissions (Residential Sector)



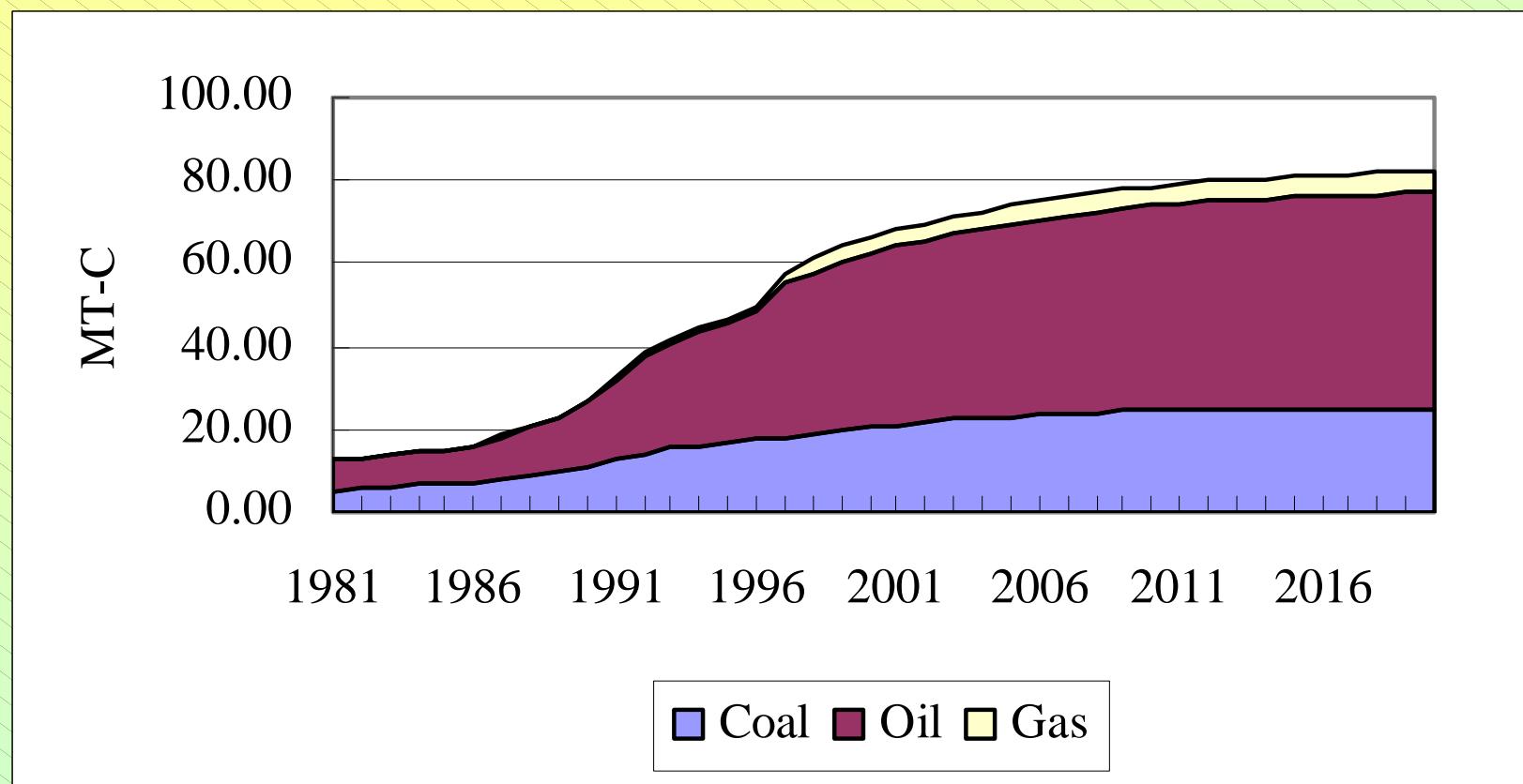
Initial Results of Korea (BaU) CO₂ Emissions (Commercial Sector)



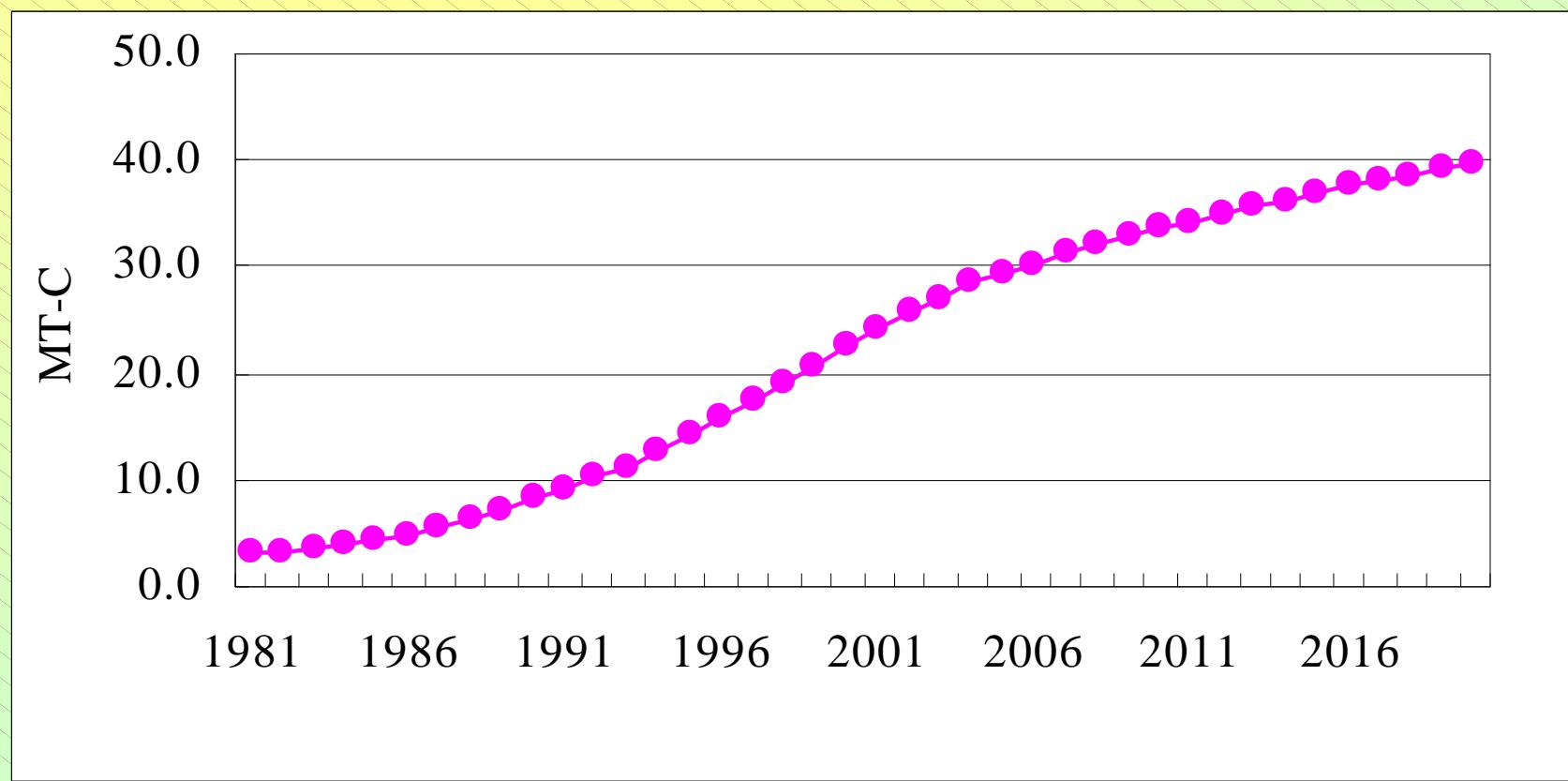
Initial Results of Korea (BaU) CO₂ Emissions (Transportation Sector)



Initial Results of Korea (BaU) CO₂ Emissions (Industrial Sector)

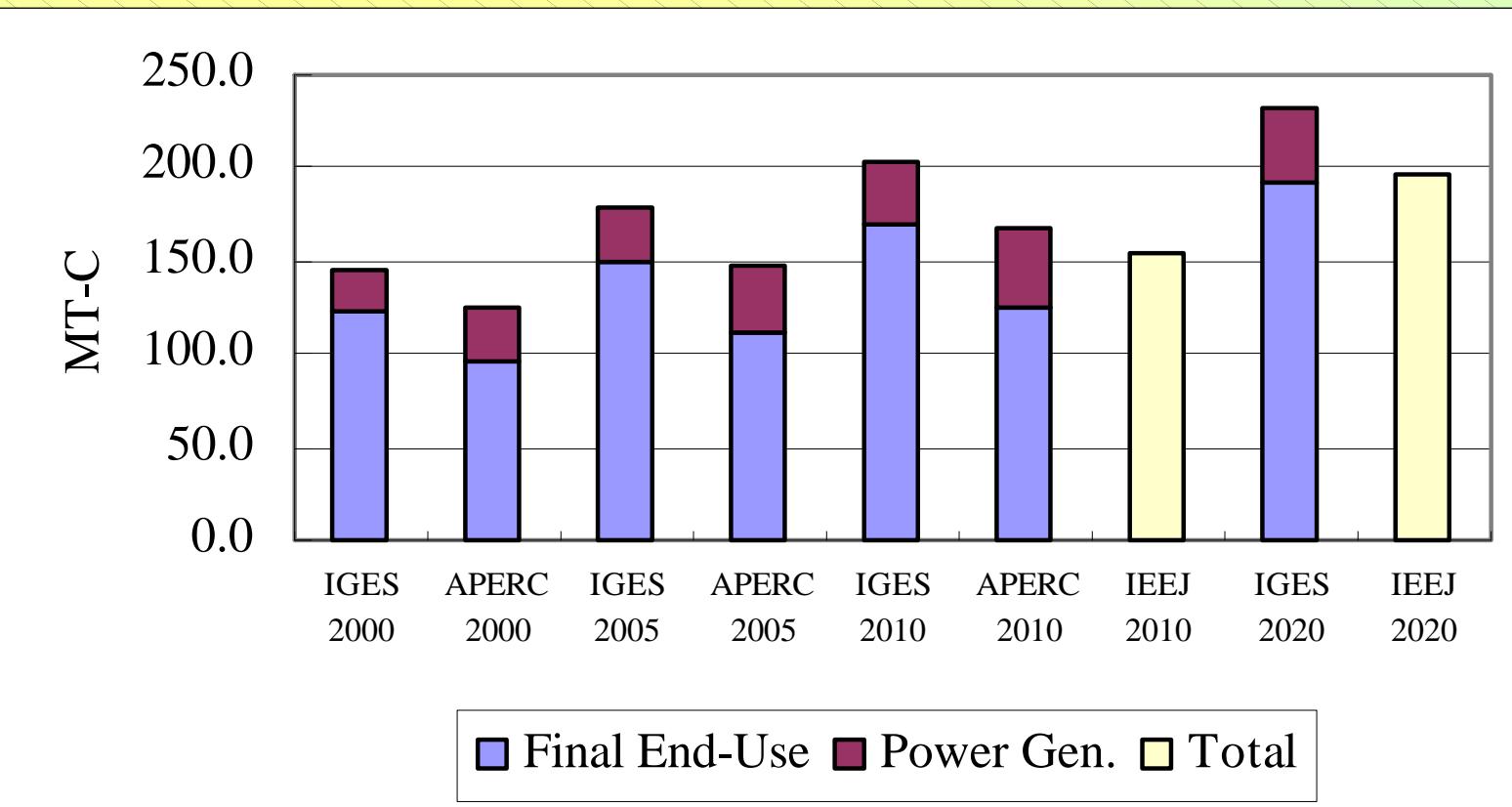


Initial Results of Korea (BaU) CO₂ Emissions (Power Generation Sector)



Initial Results of Korea (BaU)

Comparison with Other Models



Further Extension of GEMA



□ Modeling

□ Limited Data/Rapid Structural Change

- Some countries like Korea or China have limited historical data.**
- Rapid Change of Economic Structure**

□ Local Parameter Estimation

- Proper Representation of a Country Based on Parameters in This Model: not Easy**
- Estimation of AEEI for Each Country: not Easy**

□ Coverage

□ Next Stage: India/Russia (Initiated)